

HY3842/43/44/45

DESCRIPTION

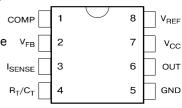
The HY3842D-N/3843D-N/3844D-N/3845D-N, are fixed frequency

current mode PWM controller. They are specially designed for OFF-Line and DC to DC converter applications with a minimal external components. Internally implemented circuits include a trimmed oscillator for precise duty cycle control, a temperature compensated reference, high gain error amplifier, current sensing comparator, and a high current totem pole output ideally suited for driving a power MOSFET. Protection circuitry

includes built under voltage lockout and current limiting. The HY3842D-N, HY3844D-N, have UVLO thresholds of 16 V (on) and 10 V (off). The corresponding thresholds for the HY3843D-N/3845D-N are 8.4V (on) and 7.6V (off). The HY3842D-N, HY3843D-N, can operate within 100% duty cycle. The HY3844D-N, HY3845D-N, can operate within 50% duty cycle.

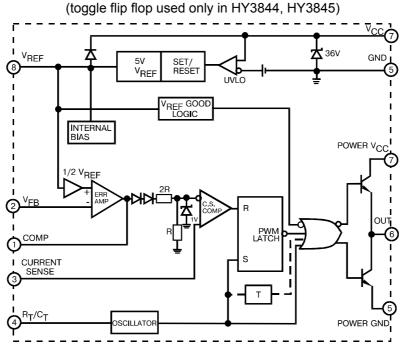
The HY384XD-N have Start-Up Current 0.17mA (typ).





FEATURES

- Low Start-Up and Operating Current
- High Current Totem Pole Output
- Under voltage Lockout With Hysteresis
- Operating Frequency Up To 500KHz



BLOCK DIAGRAM

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage (low impedance source)	V _{cc}	30	V
Output Current	lo	±1	A
Input Voltage (Analog Inputs pins 2,3)	VI	-0.3 to 5.5	V
Error Amp Output Sink Current	I _{SINK (E.A)}	10	mA
Power Dissipation (T _A =25 ⁰ C)	Po	1	W
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-65 to150	°C
Lead Temperature (soldering 5 sec.)	TL	260	°C



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Electrical characteristics (* V_{CC} =15V, R_T=10k Ω , C_T=3.3nF, T_A=0^oC to +70^oC, unless otherwise specified)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Reference Section		•		•	•	
Reference Output Voltage	V _{REF}	$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C, I_{REF} = 1 \text{ mA}$	4.9	5.0	5.1	V
Line Regulation	ΔV_{REF}	$12V \le V_{CC} \le 25 V$		6.0	20	mV
Load Regulation	ΔV_{REF}	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{\text{REF}} \leq 20 \text{mA}$		6.0	25	
Short Circuit Output Current	I _{SC}	T _A = 25°C		-100	-180	mA
Oscillator Section						
Oscillation Frequency	f	T _{.1} = 25°C	47	52	57	KHz
Frequency Change with Voltage	$\Delta f / \Delta V_{CC}$	$12V \le V_{CC} \le 25 V$		0.05	1.0	%
Oscillator Amplitude	V _(OSC)	(peak to peak)		1.6		V
Error Amplifier Section	(000)					
Input Bias Current	I _{BIAS}	V _{FB} =3V		-0.1	-2	μA
Input Voltage	V _{I(E.A)}	V _{pin1} = 2.5V	2.42	2.5	2.58	V
Open Loop Voltage Gain	A _{VOL}	$2V \le V_0 \le 4V$	65	90		dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth	UGBW	T _i =25 ⁰ C, Note 3	0.5	0.6		MHz
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$12V \le V_{CC} \le 25 V$	60	70		dB
Output Sink Current	I _{SINK}	V _{pin2} = 2.7V, V _{pin1} = 1.1V	2	7		mA
Output Source Current	ISOURCE	V _{pin2} = 2.3V, V _{pin1} = 5V	-0.5	-1.0		mA
High Output Voltage	V _{OH}	V_{pin2} = 2.3V, R_L = 15K Ω to GND	5.0	6.0		.,
Low Output Voltage	V _{OL}	$V_{pin2} = 2.7V, R_L = 15K\Omega$ to PIN 8		0.8	1.1	V
Current Sense Section						
Gain	Gv	(Note 1 & 2)	2.85	3.0	3.15	V/V
Maximum Input Signal	V _{I(MAX)}	$V_{pin1} = 5V$ (Note1)	0.9	1.0	1.1	V
Supply Voltage Rejection	SVR	$12V \le V_{CC} \le 25 V$ (Note 1)		70		dB
Input Bias Current	I _{BIAS}	$V_{pin3} = 3V$		-3.0	-10	μA
Output Section		-				
Low Output Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{SINK} = 20 mA		0.08	0.4	
		I _{SINK} = 200 mA		1.4	2.2	v
High Output Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{SINK} = 20 mA	13	13.5		v
		I _{SINK} = 200 mA	12	13.0		
Rise Time	t _R	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, C_L = 1nF$ (Note 3)		45	150	nS
Fall Time	t _F	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, C_L = 1nF$ (Note 3)		35	150	113
Undervoltage Lockout Section						
Start Theshold	V _{TH(ST)}	HY3842D-N/44D-N	14.5	16.0	17.5	v
		HY3843D-N/45D-N	7.8	8.4	9.0	v
Min. Operating Voltage	$V_{\text{OPR(min)}}$	HY3842D-N/44D-N	8.5	10	11.5	v
(After Turn On)		HY3843D-N/45D-N	7.0	7.6	8.2	v
PWM Section	-i			i		i
Max. Duty Cycle	D _(MAX)	HY3842D-N/43D-N	95	97	100	
		HY3844D-N/45D-N	47	48	50	%
Min. Duty Cycle	D _(MAX)				0	
Total Standby Current		1		ı — — —	I	1
Chart Lie Current		HY3843D-N, HY3845D-N		0.17	0.3	
Start-Up Current	I _{ST}	HY3842D-N, HY3844D-N		0.17	0.3	mA
Operating Supply Current	I _{CC (OPR)}	V _{pin3} = V _{pin2} = 0V		13	17	
Zener Voltage	V _Z	I _{CC} =25 mA	30	38		V

* Adjust V_{CC} above the start threshold before setting it to 15V. Note 1: Parameter measured at trip point of latch with V_{pin2}=0. Note 2: Gain defined as $A=\Delta V_{pin1}/\Delta V_{pin3}$; $0 \le V_{pin3} \le 0.8V$. Note 3: These parameters, although guaranteed, are not 100% tested in production.

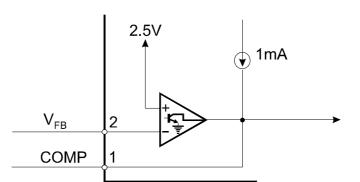


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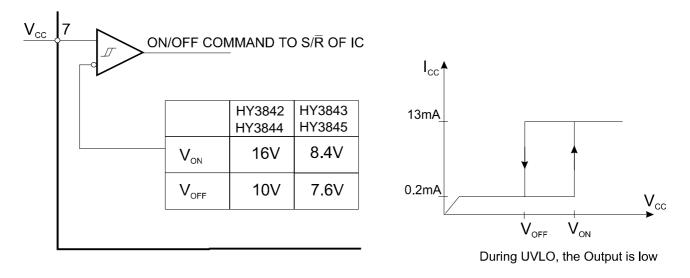
PIN FUNCTION

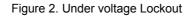
Ν	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION		
1	COMP	This pin is the Error Amplifier output and is made for loop compensation.		
2	V _{FB}	This is the inverting input of the Error Amplifier. It is normally connected to the switching power supply output through a resistor divider.		
3	I _{SENSE}	A voltage proportional to inductor current is connected to this input. The PWM uses this information to terminate the output switch conduction.		
4	R _T /C _T	The oscillator frequency and maximum Output duty cycle are programmed by connecting resistor R_T to V_{ref} and capacitor C_T to ground.		
5	GROUND	This pin is the combined control circuitry and power ground.		
6	OUTPUT	This output directly drives the gate of a power MOSFET. Peak currents up to 1A are sourced and sink by this pin.		
7	V _{CC}	This pin is the positive supply of the integrated circuit.		
8	V _{ref}	This is the reference output. It provides charging current for capacitor C_T through resistor R_T .		

APPLICATION INFORMATION











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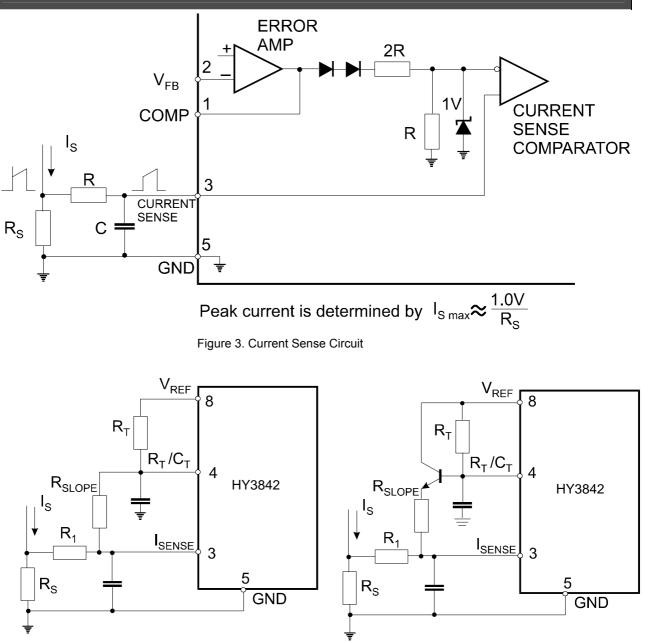
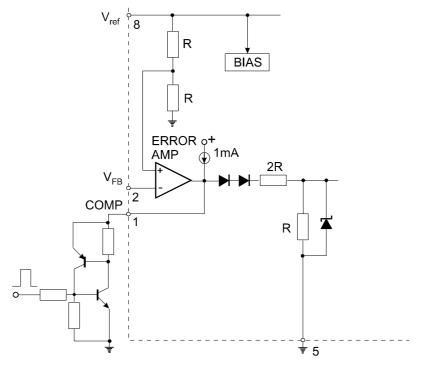


Figure 4. Slope Compensation Techniques

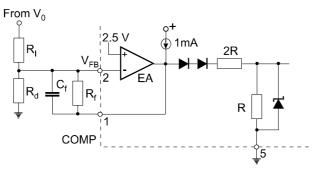


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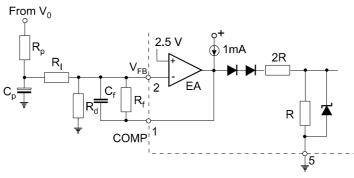


SCR must be selected for a holding current of less than 0.5mA. The simple two transistor circuit can be used in place of the SCR as shown.

Figure 5. Latched Shutdown



Error Amp compensation circuit for stabilizing any current-mode topology except for boost and flyback converters operating with continuous inductor current.



Error Amp compensation circuit for stabilizing current-mode boost and flyback topologies operating with continuous inductor current.

Figure 6. Error Amplifier Compensation



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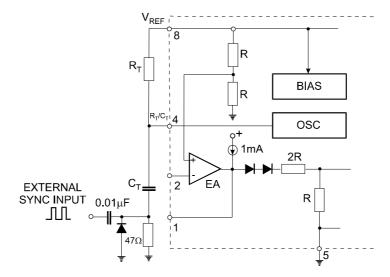


Figure 7. External Clock Synchronization

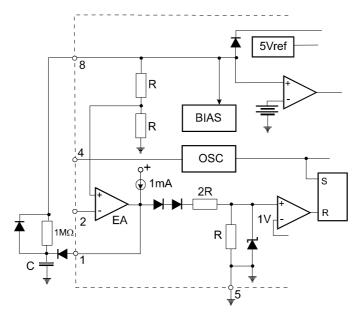


Figure 8. Soft-Start Circuit



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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

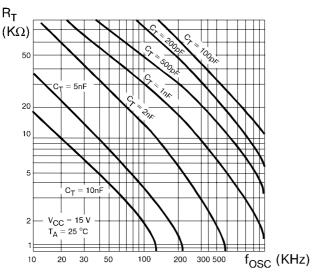


Figure 1. Timing Resistor vs. Oscillator Frequency

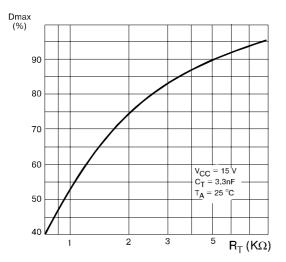
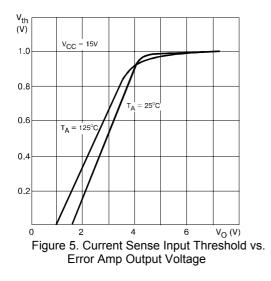
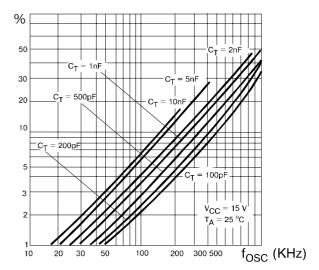
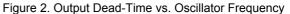
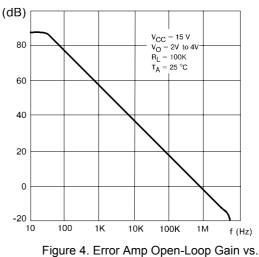


Figure 3. Maximum Output Duty Cycle vs. Timing Resistor (HY3842/43)

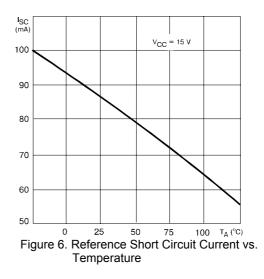






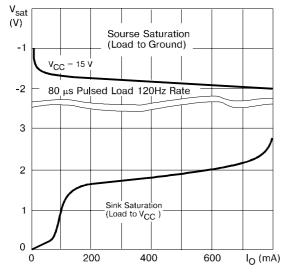


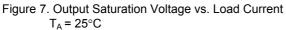
Frequency

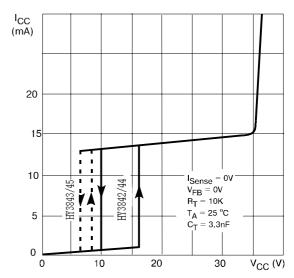


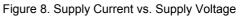


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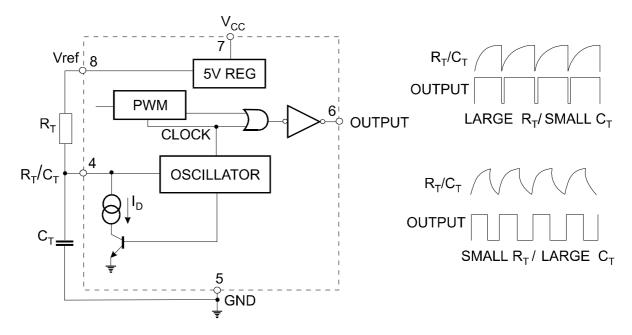
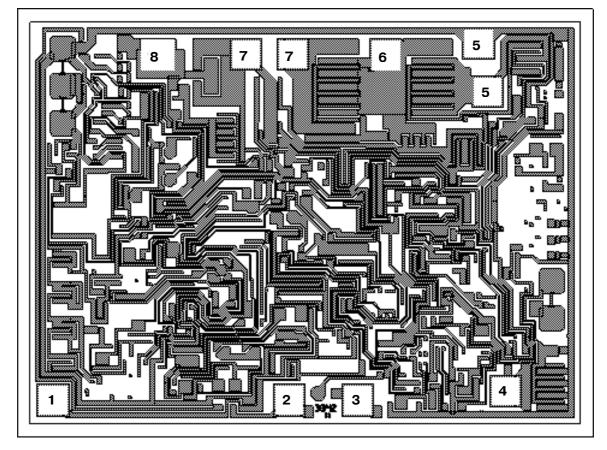


Figure 9. Oscillator and Output Waveforms



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PAD LOCATION



Chip size: 1.82 x 1.35 mm²

Pad N	Pad Name	Coordinates μm		
T ad N		X	Y	
1	COMP	114	115	
2	V _{FB}	861	115	
3	I _{SENSE}	1077	115	
4	R _T /C _T	1545	143	
5	POWER GND	1487	1090	
5	GND	1459	1240	
6	OUT	1167	1207	
7	POWER V _{CC}	873	1207	
7	V _{CC}	723	1207	
8	V _{REF}	453	1207	

PAD LOCATION COORDINATES

The appearance complies with the requirements of the company standards.